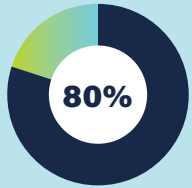


Sustainable cooling

to enable decarbonisation and deliver on the European Green Deal



Cooling is... a key player in the European energy landscape



of all greenhouse gas emissions in Europe are energy related



of the final energy consumption for heating and cooling is provided by renewables



of the total final energy consumption in Europe is used for heating and cooling



of the electricity mix is based on renewables

Cooling contributes... to numerous Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs)



2 ZERO HUNGER



3 GOOD HEALTH AND WELL-BEING



8 DECENT WORK AND ECONOMIC GROWTH



9 INDUSTRY, INNOVATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE



11 SUSTAINABLE CITIES AND COMMUNITIES



12 RESPONSIBLE CONSUMPTION AND PRODUCTION

Cooling is... an intrinsic part of life



Fresh and safe food



Health and well-being



Thermal comfort and productivity

Cooling is... a big global industry and it is set to grow

Already today at global level:



≈ **\$ 135**
BILLION GLOBALLY

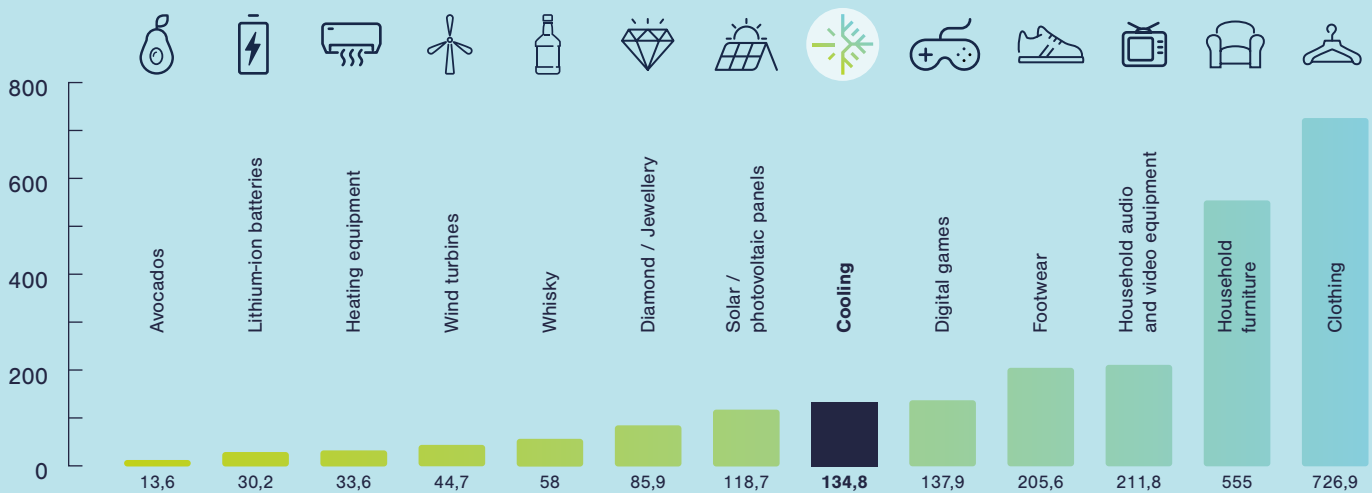
The demand for cooling is set to grow:



≈ **\$ 170**
BILLION IS THE GLOBAL EXPECTED
MARKET VALUE BY 2030

Cooling in comparison

Cooling market value versus other sectors (2018, USD billion)



Sources:




The Cooling Imperative, A report by The Economist Intelligence Unit in partnership with K-CEP
European Environment Agency statistics on energy
Share of renewable energy in gross final energy consumption, EEA 2017

Did you know?

An integrated approach to heating and cooling based on energy efficient electrification can help moving away from fossil fuel-based solutions: first because the share of renewables in the electricity mix is increasing and second because it will reduce energy consumption for heating purposes. This is particularly evident with heat pumps which help to save energy whilst providing both heating and cooling.

The solution:



-  Sector integration between heating and cooling
-  Energy consumption reduction
-  Increased share of renewables in the energy mix

OPTIMISE THE NEED FOR COOLING

Insulation, glazing, control systems, consumer behaviour, operating temperatures...



IMPROVE ENERGY & RESOURCE EFFICIENCY

Design, sizing, service & maintenance, monitoring, control & operation...



How to get there: 5 Steps towards sustainable cooling

ADDRESS INVESTMENT COST

Integrated approach between supply side and demand side, new business models...



Enable carbon neutrality

WITH AN INTEGRATED APPROACH TO COOLING AND HEATING

MITIGATE THE CLIMATE IMPACT OF REFRIGERANTS

Lower global warming potential refrigerants, leakage control, recovery, recycling, reuse...



SHIFT TO RENEWABLE ENERGIES

With an integrated approach to heating & cooling: district heating & cooling, heat pumps, heat recovery, demand response, thermal storage...



Did you know?

Global leadership

Cooling and heat pump systems need refrigerants for their operation. Some of them can be powerful greenhouse gases if emitted into the atmosphere. These emissions from hydrofluorocarbons (HFCs) represent roughly 2% of total greenhouse gas emissions in Europe, but their share used to rapidly grow. In Europe, this trend has been reversed. Since 2014, HFC emissions have been decreasing thanks to the EU F-Gas Regulation – the first regulation in the world to directly address these emissions. At global level, the Kigali Amendment entered into force in 2019 to phase down HFCs and to reduce emissions accordingly.

Source: Annual European Union greenhouse gas inventory 1990–2017 and inventory report 2019, EEA

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